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(a) the board[$\frac{1}{2}$];

(b) the Utah State Office of Education[7]; or

(c) the Utah State Office of Rehabilitation.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:
Section 1. Section 20A-14-103 is amended to read:
20A-14-103. State Board of Education members When elected Qualifications
Avoiding conflicts of interest.
(1) (a) In 2002 and every four years thereafter, one member each shall be elected from
new Districts 2, 3, 5, 6, 9, 10, 14, and 15 to serve a four-year term.
(b) In 2004 and every four years thereafter, one member each shall be elected from new
Districts 4, 7, 8, 11, 12, and 13 to serve a four-year term.
(c) (i) Because of the combination of certain former districts, the state school board
members elected from old Districts 2 and 4 who will reside in new District 1 may not serve out
the term for which they were elected, but shall stand for election in 2002 for a term of office of
four years from the realigned district in which each resides.
(ii) If one of the incumbent state school board members from new District 1 indicates
in writing to the lieutenant governor that the school board member will not seek reelection, that
incumbent state school board member may serve until January 1, 2003 and the other incumbent
state school board member shall serve out the term for which the member was elected, which is
until January 1, 2005.
(2) A person seeking election to the state school board must have been a resident of the
state school board district in which the person is seeking election for at least one year as of the
date of the election.
$\left[\frac{(2)}{(3)}\right]$ A member shall:
(a) be and remain a registered voter in the state board district from which the member
was elected or appointed; and
(b) maintain [his] the member's primary residence within the state board district from
which the member was elected or appointed during the member's term of office.
[(3)] (4) A member of the State Board of Education may not, during the member's term
of office, also serve as an employee of:

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57	Section 2. Section 20A-14-202 is amended to read:
58	20A-14-202. Local boards of education Membership When elected
59	Qualifications Avoiding conflicts of interest.
60	(1) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (1)(b), the board of education of a school
61	district with a student population of up to 24,000 students shall consist of five members.
62	(b) The board of education of a school district with a student population of more than
63	10,000 students but fewer than 24,000 students shall increase from five to seven members
64	beginning with the 2004 regular general election.
65	(c) The board of education of a school district with a student population of 24,000 or
66	more students shall consist of seven members.
67	(d) Student population is based on the October 1 student count submitted by districts to
68	the State Office of Education.
69	(e) If the number of members of a local school board is required to change under
70	Subsection (1)(b), the board shall be reapportioned and elections conducted as provided in
71	Sections 20A-14-201 and 20A-14-203.
72	(f) A school district which now has or increases to a seven-member board shall
73	maintain a seven-member board regardless of subsequent changes in student population.
74	(g) (i) Members of a local board of education shall be elected at each regular general
75	election.
76	(ii) Except as provided in Subsection (1)(g)(iii), no more than three members of a local
77	board of education may be elected to a five-member board, nor more than four members
78	elected to a seven-member board, in any election year.
79	(iii) More than three members of a local board of education may be elected to a
80	five-member board and more than four members elected to a seven-member board in any
81	election year only when required by reapportionment or to fill a vacancy or to implement
82	Subsection (1)(b).
83	(h) One member of the local board of education shall be elected from each local school
84	board district.
85	(2) For an election held after the 2008 general election, a person seeking election to a
86	local school board must have been a resident of the local school board district in which the

person is seeking election for at least one year as of the date of the election.

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38	$\left[\frac{(2)}{(2)}\right]$ (3) A member of a local school board shall:
39	(a) be and remain a registered voter in the local school board district from which the
90	member is elected or appointed; and
91	(b) maintain [his] the member's primary residence within the local school board district
92	from which the member is elected or appointed during the member's term of office.
93	[(3)] (4) A member of a local school board may not, during the member's term in
94	office, also serve as an employee of that board.
95	Section 3. Effective date.
96	If approved by two-thirds of all the members elected to each house, this bill takes effect
97	upon approval by the governor, or the day following the constitutional time limit of Utah
98	Constitution Article VII, Section 8, without the governor's signature, or in the case of a veto,
99	the date of veto override.

S.B. 13 1st Sub. (Green) - Candidate Residency Requirements

Fiscal Note

2008 General Session State of Utah

State Impact

Enactment of this bill will not require additional appropriations.

Individual, Business and/or Local Impact

Enactment of this bill likely will not result in direct, measurable costs and/or benefits for individuals, businesses, or local governments.

1/24/2008, 2:38:34 PM, Lead Analyst: Ball, J.

Office of the Legislative Fiscal Analyst